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307	(11)(a)(1)(A) through (C).
308	(12) (a) As provided in Section 76-8-1101, criminal offenses and penalties are as
309	provided in Subsections (12)(b) through (e).
310	(b) (i) A person who is required by this title or any laws the commission administers or
311	regulates to register with or obtain a license or permit from the commission, who operates
312	without having registered or secured a license or permit, or who operates when the registration,
313	license, or permit is expired or not current, is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
314	(ii) Notwithstanding Section 76-3-301, for purposes of Subsection (12)(b)(i), the
315	penalty may not:
316	(A) be less than \$500; or
317	(B) exceed \$1,000.
318	(c) (i) [A person who, with intent to evade a tax, fee, or charge or requirement of this
319	title or any lawful requirement of the commission,] With respect to a tax, fee, or charge, a
320	person who knowingly and intentionally $\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{\ \ }$, and without a $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{\ \ }$ reasonable $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ good faith
320a1	basis, ←Ŝ fails to make,
320a	render, sign, or verify a return $\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{\text{within the time required by law}} \leftarrow \hat{S}$ or to
321	supply information within the time required by law, or who makes, renders, signs, or verifies a
322	false or fraudulent return or statement, or who supplies false or fraudulent information, is guilty
323	of a third degree felony.
324	(ii) Notwithstanding Section 76-3-301, for purposes of Subsection (12)(c)(i), the
325	penalty may not:
326	(A) be less than \$1,000; or
327	(B) exceed \$5,000.
328	(d) (i) A person who intentionally or willfully attempts to evade or defeat a tax, fee, or
329	charge or the payment of a tax, fee, or charge is, in addition to other penalties provided by law,
330	guilty of a second degree felony.
331	(ii) Notwithstanding Section 76-3-301, for purposes of Subsection (12)(d)(i), the
332	penalty may not:
333	(A) be less than \$1,500; or
334	(B) exceed \$25,000.
335	(e) (i) A person is guilty of a second degree felony if that person commits an act:
336	(A) described in Subsection (12)(e)(ii) with respect to one or more of the following
337	documents:

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369	(v) The commission may seek a court order to enjoin a person from engaging in
370	conduct that is subject to a penalty under this Subsection (12)(e).
371	(vi) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
372	the commission may make rules prescribing the documents that are similar to Subsections
373	(12)(e)(i)(A)(I) through (III).
374	(f) The statute of limitations for prosecution for a violation of this Subsection (12) is
375	the later of six years:
376	(i) from the date the tax should have been remitted; or
377	(ii) after the day on which the person commits the criminal offense.
378	(13) Upon making a record of its actions, and upon reasonable cause shown, the
379	commission may waive, reduce, or compromise any of the penalties or interest imposed under
380	this part.
381	Section 2. Section 76-8-1101 is amended to read:
382	76-8-1101. Criminal offenses and penalties relating to revenue and taxation
383	Rulemaking authority Statute of limitations.
384	(1) (a) As provided in Section 59-1-401, criminal offenses and penalties are as
385	provided in Subsections (1)(b) through (e).
386	(b) (i) Any person who is required by Title 59, Revenue and Taxation, or any laws the
387	State Tax Commission administers or regulates to register with or obtain a license or permit
388	from the State Tax Commission, who operates without having registered or secured a license or
389	permit, or who operates when the registration, license, or permit is expired or not current, is
390	guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
391	(ii) Notwithstanding Section 76-3-301, for purposes of Subsection (1)(b)(i), the
392	penalty may not:
393	(A) be less than \$500; or
394	(B) exceed \$1,000.
395	(c) (i) [Any person who, with intent to evade any tax, fee, or charge as defined in
396	Section 59-1-401 or requirement of Title 59, Revenue and Taxation, or any lawful requirement
397	of the State Tax Commission,] With respect to a tax, fee, or charge as defined in Section
398	59-1-401, any person who knowingly and intentionally $\hat{S} \rightarrow$, and without a $\hat{H} \rightarrow$ reasonable $\leftarrow \hat{H}$
398a1	good faith basis, ←Ŝ
398a	fails to make, render, sign, or verify any
399	return $\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{\text{within the time required by law}} \leftarrow \hat{S}$ or to supply any information within the time
399a	required by law, or who makes, renders,